# **CARING FOR YOURSELF DURING COVID-19**

As a family physician on the front lines, responding to COVID-19 can take an emotional toll. Here are some things you can do to help take care of your physical and mental health.

### Meet your body's needs

- Try to eat, drink and sleep regularly. Meeting your body's needs will help you sustain your ability to care for others.
- Take breaks when you can. You may feel guilty taking time away from patients but self-care results in better patient care.
- Try to make time for activities you enjoy. Go for a run or walk, listen to music, meditate or talk with family and friends.

#### **Connect with others**

- Connect with your family and loved ones, however this is possible. Loved ones can help sustain you in these challenging times.
- Th
- Try to regularly connect with and support your fellow healthcare colleagues. Tell your story and listen to others.



# **Honour your feelings**

- Its okay to feel stressed, anxious, fearful, guilty or exhausted. Helping those in need is rewarding but difficult in these times of extreme stress and uncertainty.
- Honour your service. Despite the frustrations, you are fulfilling a noble calling by caring for those in need.

# **Ask for help**

 Do daily self check-ins.
Monitor yourself for fatigue, depression, anxiety, and illness.
Talk to a colleague, family member or seek professional help if needed.



 Access 24-hour confidential support through the BC <u>Physician Health Program</u> by calling 1-800-663-6729.



### **Manage media time**

- Stay informed. Rely on trusted, evidencebased sources for information such as the BC Centre for Disease Control, BC Family Doctors, and Doctors of BC.
- Take breaks from media coverage of COVID-19. Set time limits around your use of news sites, Twitter, Instagram, and Facebook.



\*Excerpted and modified from "Emergency Responders: Tips for Taking Care of Yourself", US Centre for Disease Control; and "Sustaining the Well-Being of Healthcare Personnel during Coronavirus and other Infectious Disease Outbreaks", Center for the Study of Traumatic Stress. www.CSTSonline.org.